ACT: Therapy Principles in DV Treatment

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Introductions

◆ You and me



Review of ACT

PRESENT Post-Future ACCEPTANCE VALUES. Experiential Lock of Direction Avoldance ACT **PSYCHOLOGICAL FLEXIBILITY** Inflexibility DEFUSION COMMITTED Cognitive ACTION Inoction/Stuck Fusion SELF AS CONTEXT Self as Content

ACT HEXAFLEX

Mindi's Flight



News Flash!

- ◆ New ACT Research:
- ◆ A review of anger, hostility, and aggression from an ACT perspective
- Olga V.Berkout^{a1}DianaTinsley^bMaureen
 K.Flynn^c
- https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jcbs.2018.12.001
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Definitions

- Anger "negative emotional reaction to perceived provocation"
- Hostility "cognitive/attitudinal antagonistic view of others and the world"
- Aggression "behavior aimed at harming others"
- Psychological flexibility "ability to flexibly relate to private experiences and behave in a manner that is responsive to both environmental contingencies and consistent with ones values"

CBT vs ACT

- CBT emphasizes altering private experiences of thought, feelings, and behaviors
- Distress reduction

- ACT emphasizes
 accepting private
 experiences of thought
 and feelings as they
 are
- Focusing on continuing to follow what one values in spite of what one thinks or feels

ACT & A, H, and A

- Defusion people who struggle with anger may be more strongly attached to their anger provoking thoughts (fusion)
- Self in context people who feel unable to control their anger may be attached to their conceptualized self *need to widen perspective

ACT & A, H, & A

- Acceptance people may use anger to avoid unpleasant private events (i.e.: guilt/shame) thereby clinging to experiential avoidance
- Present focus people may hold tightly to hostility when they continue with a past or future focus - *need to add a component of perspective, maybe gratitude, and compassion

ACT & A, H, & A

- Values people may act on impulse mindlessly acting on emotion rather than mindfully choosing to act on a cherished value
- Committed Action people may be more likely to commit violence to protect their ego if they are not committed to pro-social behaviors required of intimate relationships or stuck in habit patterns

Evidences of link between A, H, and A with ACT principles

- All forms of dating violence were positively related to psychological inflexibility
- Men who had lower psychological flexibility were reported to be more physically aggressive toward their partners
- Psychological inflexibility was associated with intimate partner violence perpetration (also linked with experiential avoidance)

Evidences of link between A, H, and A with ACT principles

- Psychological inflexibility was found to interact with hostility and predicted problematic interpersonal behaviors
- Additional studies conclude: links between anger and PTSD d/t avoidance of emotional pain, a link between psychological inflexibility and depression and delay of gratification with focus on short term needs

Evidences of link between A, H, and A with ACT principles

- Psychological inflexibility associated with both anger and aggression and emotional inexpressivity leading to symptoms of PTSD
- Some socially anxious individuals may become angry and aggressive in response to perceived rejection (avoidance of experiencing emotions)
- Inflexible responding to private events leading to aggression and other problematic behaviors

ACT Interventions – Effective?

- Decreased physical aggression, and decreased psychological inflexibility
- ◆ Decrease in physical and verbal aggression, perceived stress, and increase in emotion management, decrease in perception of powerful others having control over one's life, also significant decrease in alcohol use
- Values-consistent behaviors increased

ACT Interventions – Effective?

- Less psychological and physical aggression, and greater reduction in psychological and physical aggression at 6 month follow up
- Significantly fewer ACT participants committed new offenses leading to charges, 12 months after treatment, lower percentage of those engaged in general violent crime

ACT Interventions – Effective?

- 1-year post treatment completion, experiential avoidance decreased, lower rate of DV recidivism
- Interventions research with youth are limited, but show promise

Conclusions of Meta-analysis

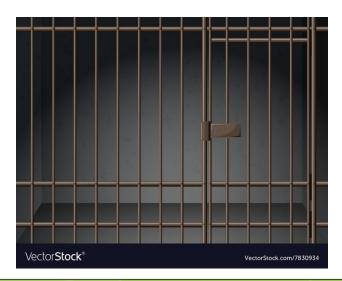
- Anger and aggression are seen as ways to avoid unpleasant private events
- Individuals who are more psychologically flexible may experience less anger and aggression
- An individual's response to private events, rather than whether they are experienced or not, is ultimately most important!

The Impact of ACT Interventions

- The relationships with anger, hostility, and aggression have overall been consistent with the psychological flexibility model and ACT interventions appear to be effective
- Decreased engagement in aggressive behavior
- Decreased recidivism for DV
- Increase in psychological flexibility processes

Examples of ACT interventions

- Using metaphors relational frame theory
 - Getting hooked, going down a rabbit hole, jumping on the train
 - Defusion from prison sentences



Acceptance

- ◆ AA manual page 217
- ❖ The coffee mug
- √ Tug-o-war
- Digging out of hole

Acceptance

And acceptance is the answer to all my problems today. When I am disturbed, it is because I find some person, place, thing, or situation - some fact of my life unacceptable to me, and I can find no serenity until I accept that plerson, place, thing, or situation as being exactly the way it is supposed to be at this moment. Nothing, absolutely nothing, happens in God's world by mistake. Until I could accept my alcoholism, I could not stay sober; unless I accept life completely on life's terms, I could not be happy. I need to concentrate not so much on what needs to be changed in the world as on what needs to be changed in me and in my attitudes.

> Alcoholics Aranymous 417

Staying in the Present

- Mindful meditation
- Grounding/five senses
- Notice and Describe



- Accepting discomfort
 - Goal is to accept what is in the present, not to escape

Self as Context

- Labeling activity
- Desert island/memorial service activity
- Metaphor of the sky and the weather



Values and Committed Action

- ◆ Identify valued areas of life
- Define values in terms of how "I" want to be in relation to this valued area of life
- Assess what you
 - need to do
- Set up



Great Resources:

- ACBS Network: https://contextualscience.org/
- ◆ ACT Made Simple by Russ Harris, New Harbinger Publications, Inc. 2009
- ◆ The Wisdom to Know the Difference by Kelly Wilson, New Harbinger Publications, Inc. 2012
- Essentials of Acceptance and Commitment Therapy by Sonja V. Batten, Sage Publications, 2011
- USU's Psychology Dept: Mike Twohig

Questions?

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DV Group Workbooks for sale at cost - \$5 each